

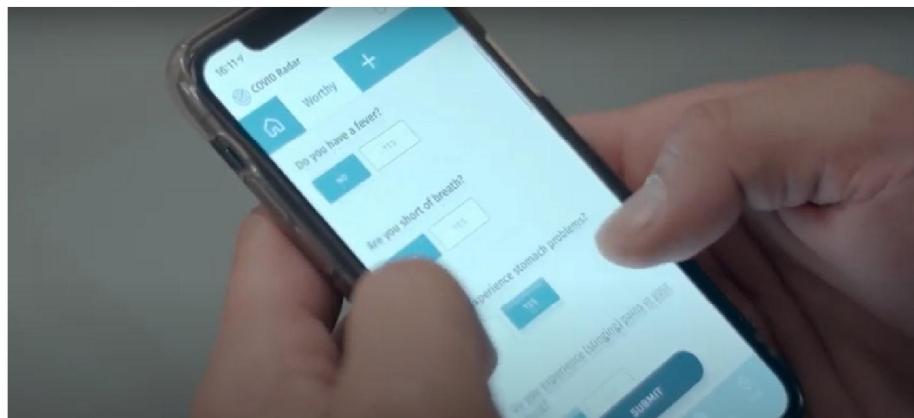


COVID Radar

Doelstelling: lokaal Covid kunnen voorspellen -> individuele/regionale feedback

Symptomen + Gedrag

- Anoniem
- Regiospecifiek (tot op postcode 4 niveau)
- Terugkoppeling: inzicht en bewustwording voor de gebruiker



COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Background

- Ontwikkeld door samenwerken tussen LUMC en Ortec, gefinancierd door ZonMW subsidie
- Sinds 2 April, dagelijkse vragenlijst
- 250 dagen
- 5.500.000 observaties
- +250.000 gebruikers
- 11.000 gebruikers met 100+ observaties
- Mogelijkheid tot 2 miljoen gebruikers
- Dynamische vragenlijst
- Binnenkort lokale en landelijke wervingscampagnes

The screenshot shows the COVID Radar mobile application interface. At the top, it displays the time (13:26), signal strength, battery level, and navigation icons. The title 'COVID Radar' is visible. Below the header, there's a user profile section with a placeholder 'Nic' and a '+' button. The main content area consists of five questions with 'NO' and 'YES' buttons:

- Do you have a cough?
- Do you have a throat ache?
- Do you have a fever?
- Are you short of breath?
- Do you experience stomach problems?

A large blue 'SUBMIT' button is centered below these questions. At the bottom of the screen, there are four navigation icons: 'Monitor' (with a plus sign icon), 'Updates' (with a document icon and a red notification dot), 'FAQ' (with a question mark icon), and 'Radar' (with a circular icon).

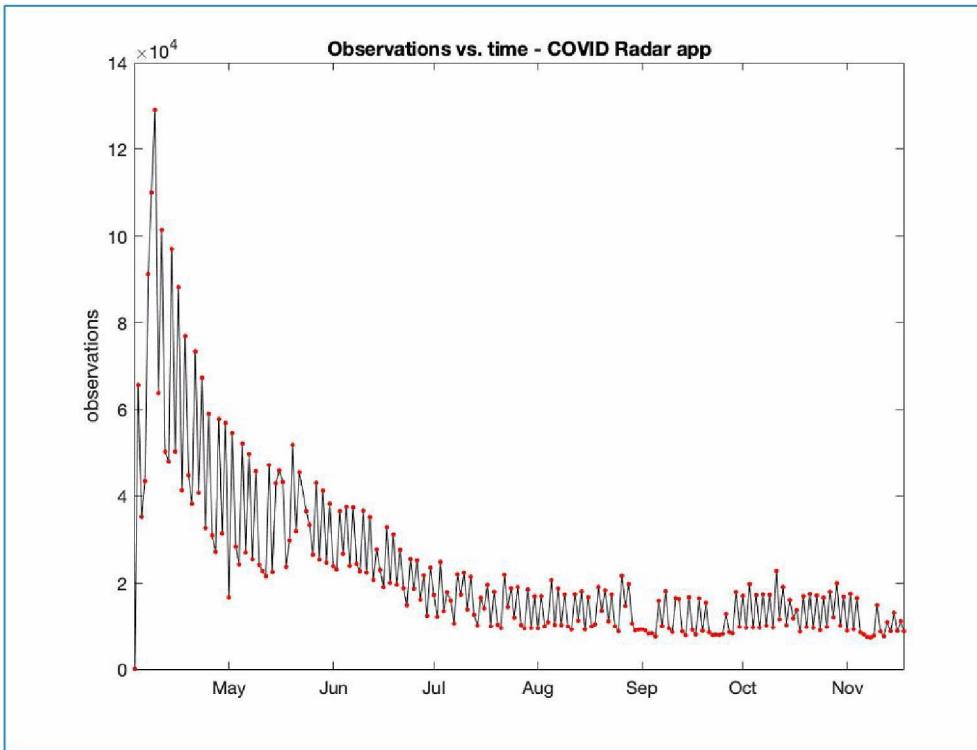


Variable name	Variable type	Variable description	
<i>pc</i>	ID variable	postal code	
<i>gender</i>	categorical (M/F/O/N)	gender of user (male, female, other, none)	
<i>age</i>	categorical (10yr increments)	age group of user	
<i>hcpro</i>	binary	health-care professional (no/yes)	<i>Initial information</i>
<i>contact</i>	binary	contact with COVID-19 patient in past 14 days (no/yes)	
<i>hoesten</i>	binary	coughing (no/yes)	
<i>keelpijn</i>	binary	sore throat (no/yes)	
<i>koorts</i>	binary	fever (no/yes)	
<i>kortademig</i>	binary	shortness of breath (no/yes)	
<i>maagdarm</i>	binary	stomach issues (no/yes)	
<i>borstkas</i>	binary	pain in the chest (no/yes)	
<i>ogen</i>	binary	swollen eyes (no/yes)	
<i>geur</i>	binary	loss of smell or taste (no/yes)	<i>Symptom information</i>
<i>covid</i>	categorical (N, Y1, Y2)	user diagnosed with COVID- 19 (no/yes - in the past 2 weeks/yes - more than 2 weeks ago)	
<i>werk</i>	binary	work/school yesterday (no/yes)	
<i>uithuis</i>	integer [0-24]	hours spent outside yesterday	
<i>personen</i>	integer [0-20]	number of people within 5 meters yesterday	
<i>bezoek</i>	integer [0-20]	visitors at home yesterday	
<i>nabij</i>	integer [0-50]	number of people in two features above within 1.5m	<i>Behavior information</i>
<i>udid</i>	ID variable	household unique identifier	
<i>cdate</i>	unix timestamp	time and date user answered questionnaire	
<i>date</i>	timestamp	date user answered questionnaire	

COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Results

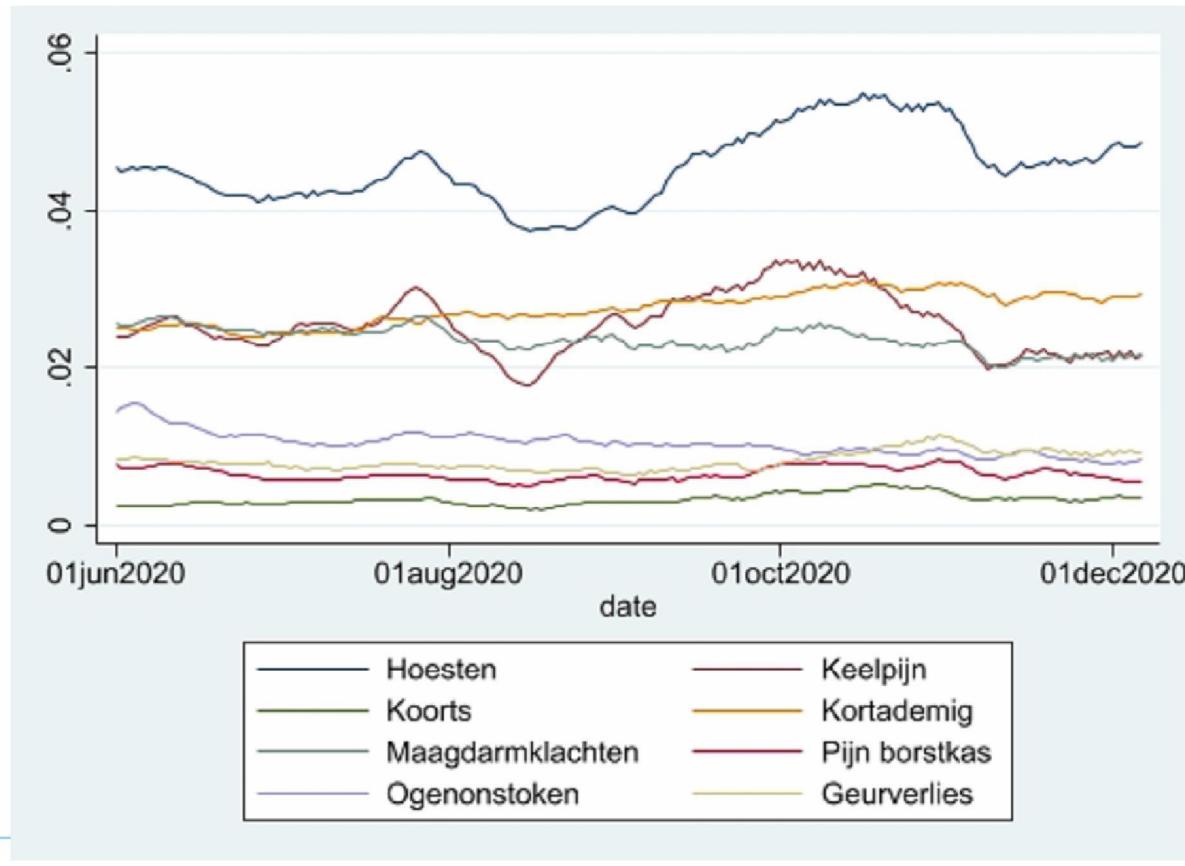
Number of total users and number of observations

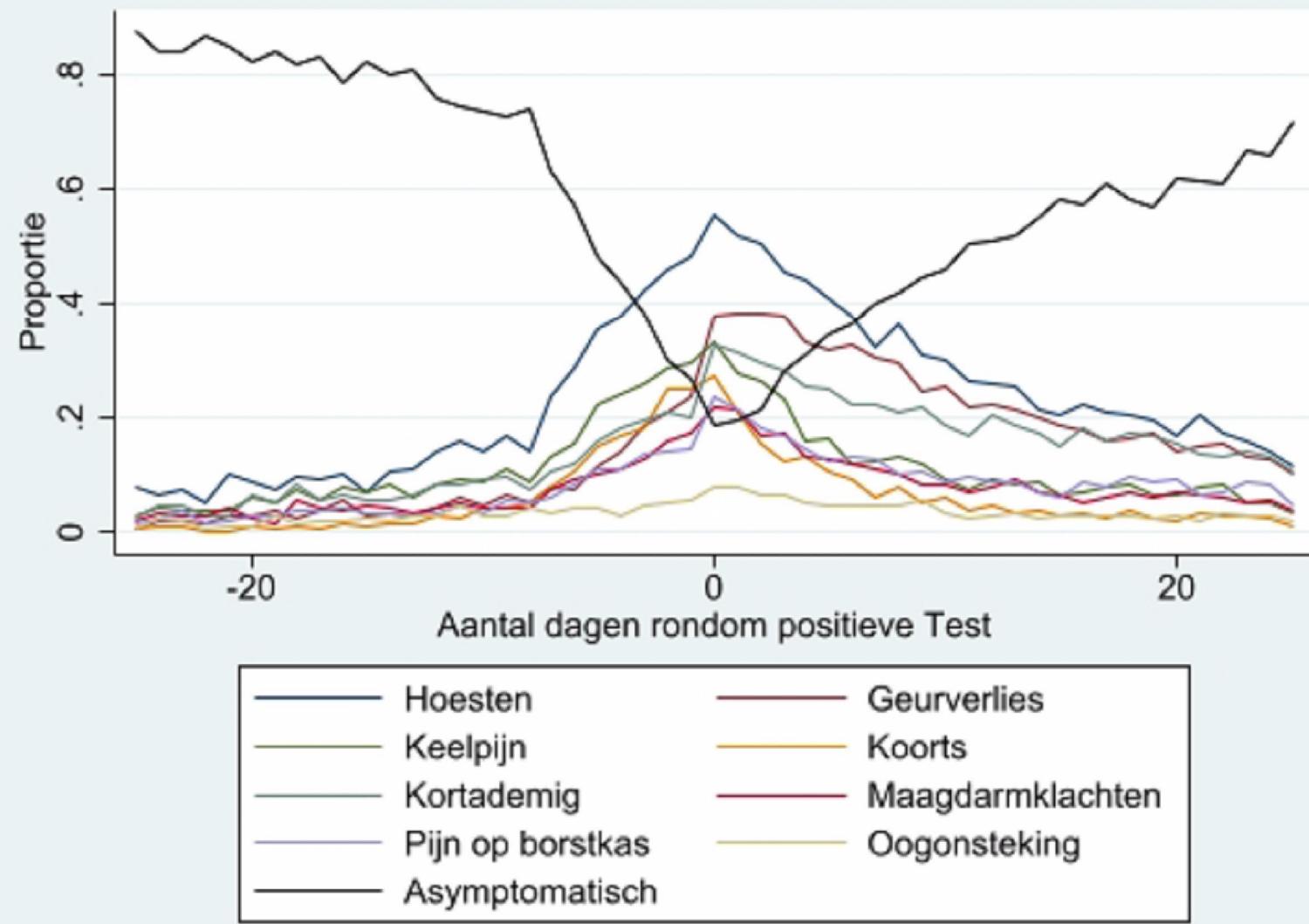


COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Results

- Symptoms reported by users vs. time

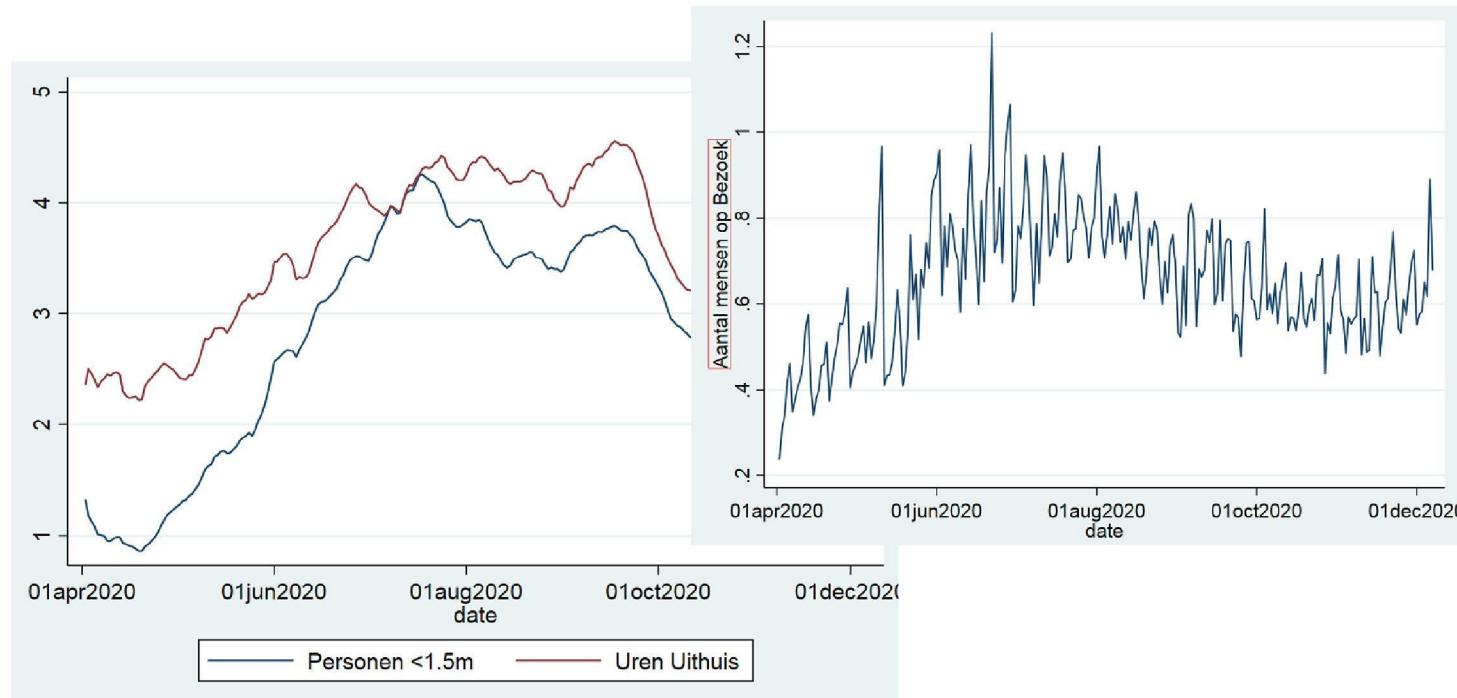


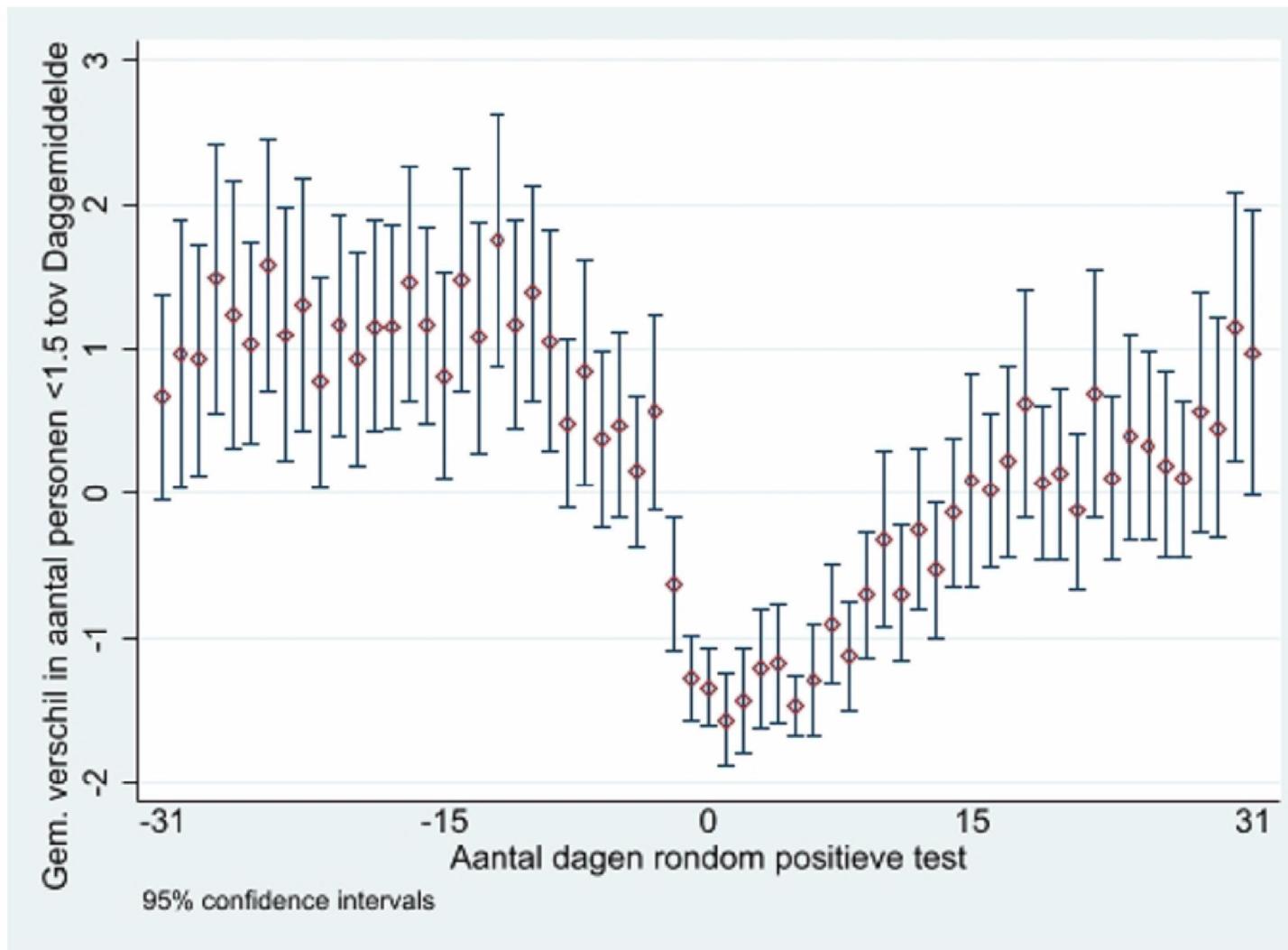


COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Results

- Behavior reported by users vs. time





COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Discussion

Conclusies

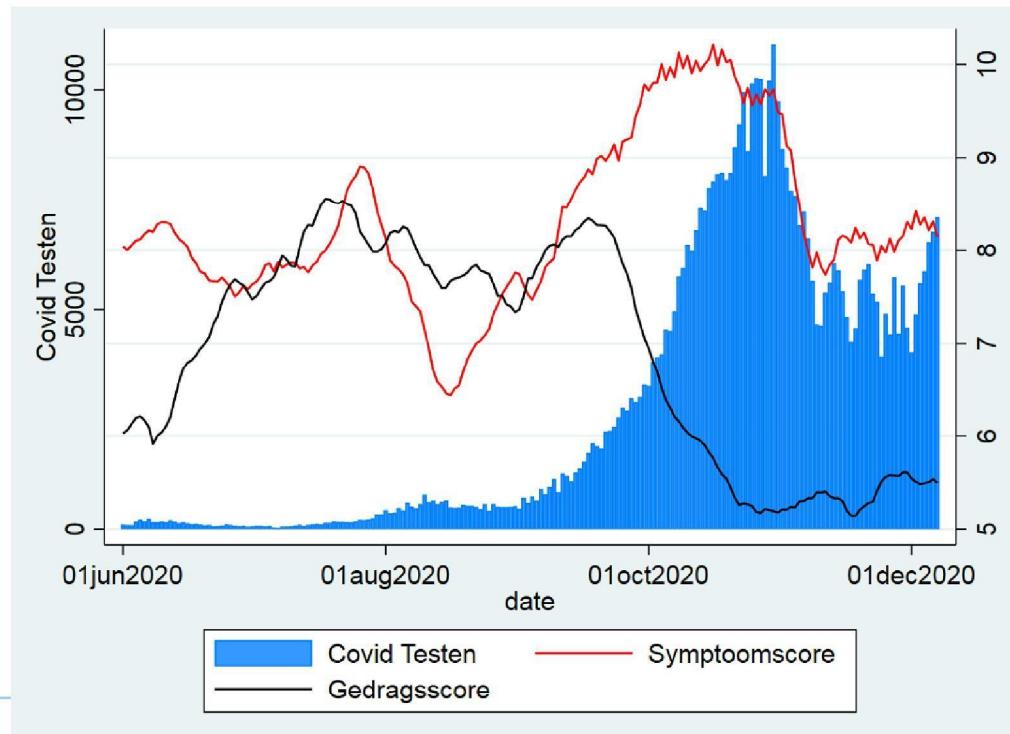
- Succesvolle en dynamische dataverzameling
- ‘Live’ gedragsdata
- Terugkoppeling naar individuele gebruiker en de regio
- Duidelijke associaties tussen symptomen, gedrag en positieve Corona testen
- Combinatie van gedrag met symptomen mogelijk predictief

COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Discussion

Samenwerking RIVM

- Impuls in aantal gebruikers (meer data)
- Implementatie data in dashboard (toepassing data)

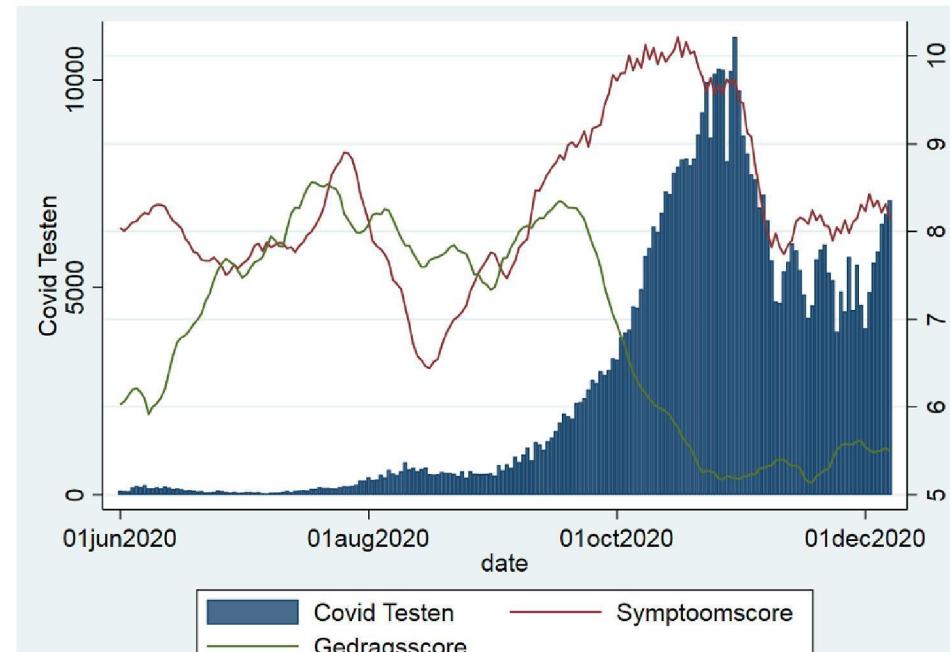


COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Results

Composite scores

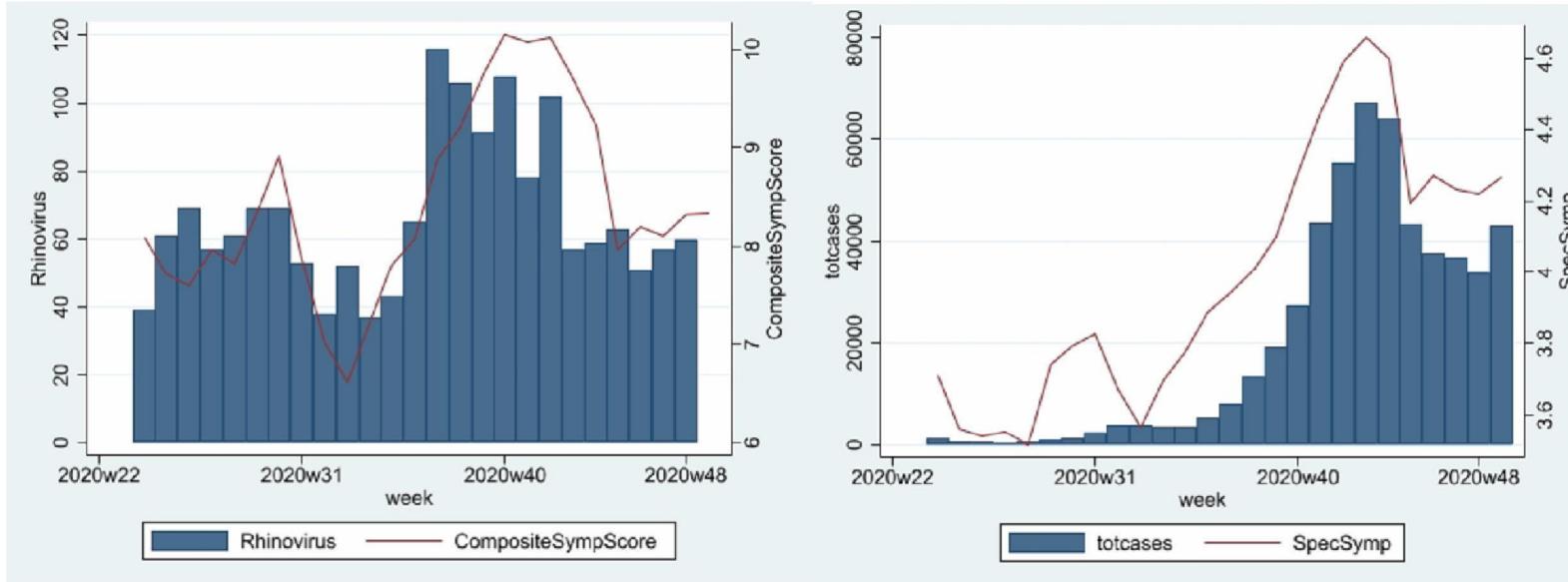
- Symptoom composite score = som van percentage van gebruikers met hoesten, keelpijn, geurverlies en koorts
- Gedrags composite score = som van gemiddeld aantal uren buitenhuis en mensen binnen de 1.5 meter
- 7 daags gemiddelde



COVID Radar – Introduction and initial analysis

Results

- Associatie met Rhinovirus
- Corrigeren van Symptomen -> geur, koorts, kortademig



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