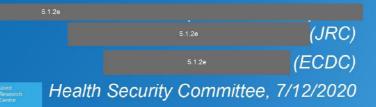


Scenarios and tools for locally targeted COVID-19 Non Pharmaceutical Intervention Measures

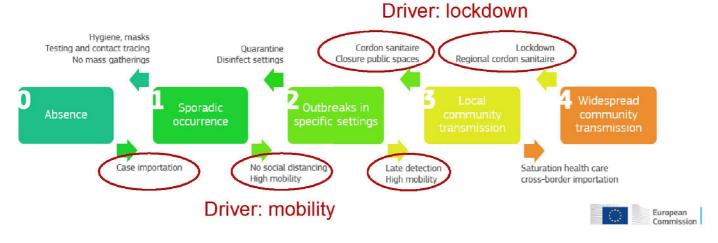


Objectives

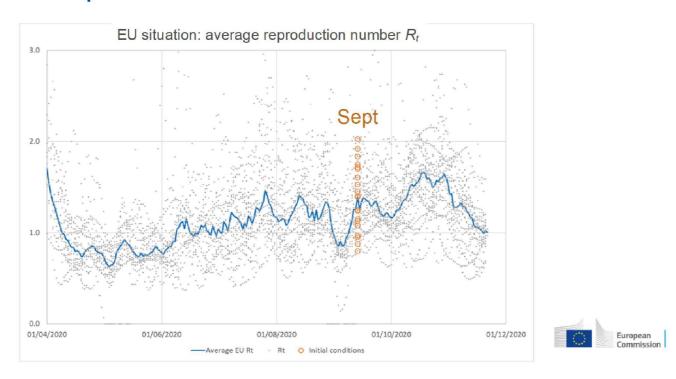
- Describe COVID-19 epidemiological phases that will be used to define initial conditions for intervention's scenario using mathematical modelling;
- Discuss health and socio-economic trade-offs of NPIs:
 - Stay-at-home recommendations ("lockdown") at regional level: national versus regional action, thresholds for action (timing, intensity, duration, synchronicity)
 - Commuting restrictions: relative effectiveness of mobility and/or transmission rate policies, mix of policies for regions neighbouring a high transmission region.
- Present tools for monitoring immediate impact of NPIs based on mobile network operator data

Common terminology and framework

- Five Epidemiological phases + drivers for transition
- Study: 150 days starting from situation in September + arbitrary policy changes

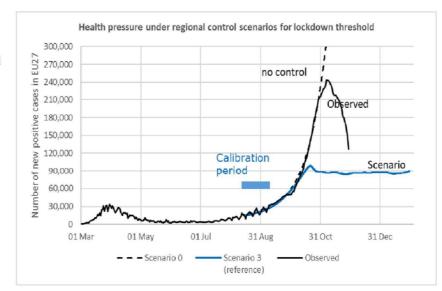


Scenarios: control of transmission and mobility from September



SIR model, key parameter R_t

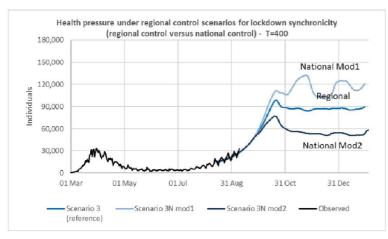
- Calibration: each region separate, last month of data
- Scenario control R_t
 - Target $R_t = [0.7, 0.95]$
- Trigger I
 - new cases per 100000 in 14 days: [20, 100, 400]

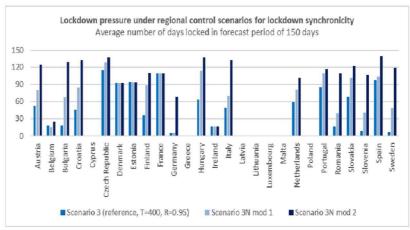




Model outputs

- Health pressure = Number of new daily cases, total EU
- Lockdown pressure = Number of days citizens experience lockdown



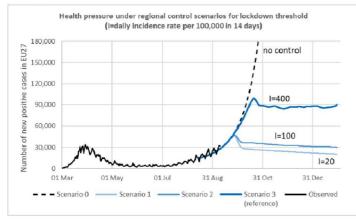


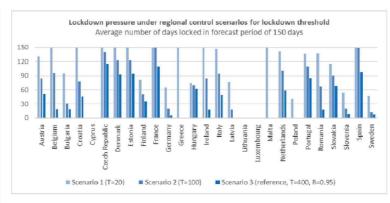
Trade-off health pressure and lockdown pressure

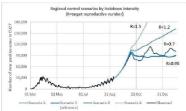
Scenario	Incidence rate threshold I	Target R_t level	Public health pressure	Maximum new daily cases	Lockdown pressure
	New cases per 100,000 in 14 days	No unit	Total new positive cases after 5 months, in million	Million per day	Percentage of days under lockdown in next 5 months
0	No control	-	96.1	1.20	0%
1	20	0.95	3.9	0.05	76%
2	100	0.95	5.1	0.05	52%
3 reference	400	0.95	12.2	0.10	32%

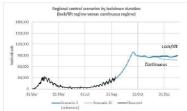


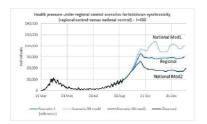
Control of community transmission at regional level: intensity, timing and duration of lockdowns







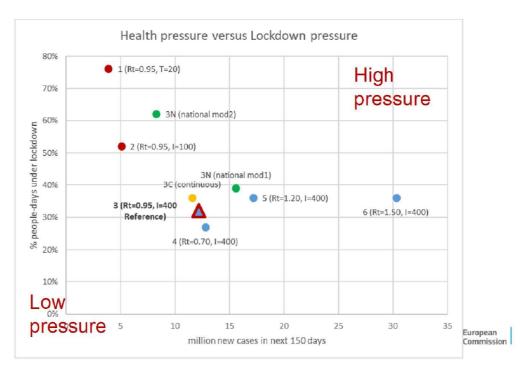




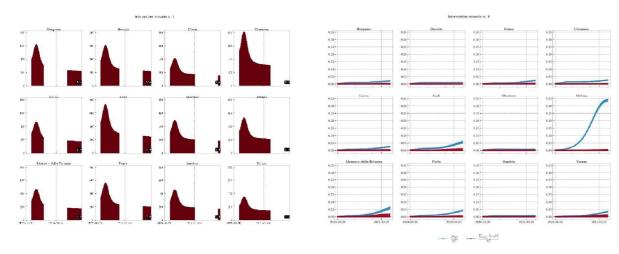


Control of community transmission at regional level: intensity, timing and duration of lockdowns

- Trade-offs exist
- Reference case
 - T=400
 - R=0.95
 - Regional control



Control of inter-regional mobility: the case of commuting



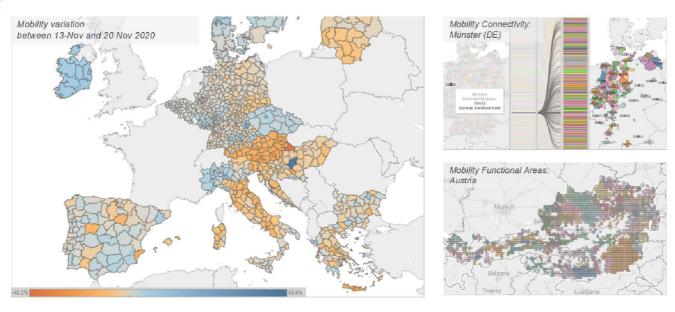
Province level transmission control

Explicit role of cross-region mobility

"Consequently, a balanced mix of transmission rate policies and mobility policies may be of help in order to contain the epidemic process"



Mobility monitoring & fine-grained targeted measures



Mobility Visualisation Platform: MNO data products toolbox for near-real time monitoring of mobility and targeted measures available for nationally nominated contact points



Toolbox of data, code and platforms

Tool	Description
SIR models	Python code and
	reference data,
	including calibration
	routines and scripts
	for running scenarios
Mobility Functional	Near-real time
Area dashboards	visualisation of
	mobility data
Economic models:	User-friendly Excel-
Trade-SCAN and	based simulator of
RHOMOLO	GDP and employment
	impact, Model for
	regional economic
	impact

Available for MS modellers and authorities





Conclusions

- Policy relevance: Communication call for scenario based work
- Novelty: EU-wide, regional-level, spatially explicit epi model
- Trade-offs health and wealth: <u>moderate regional</u> lockdown R=0.95 triggered <u>later</u> at T=100-400
- Locally targeted action: role of commuting, identification of functional mobility areas
- Toolbox available for Member States modellers and authorities

