

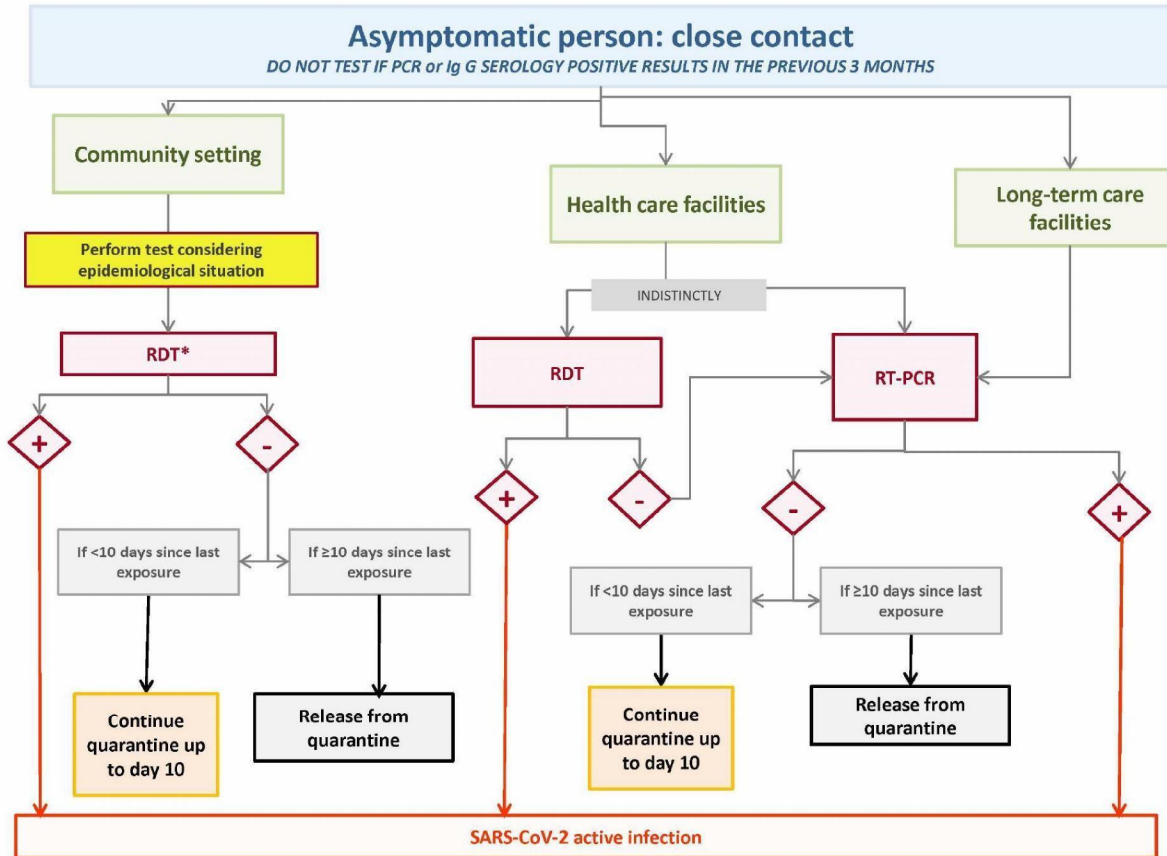
\* Primary health care centres, emergency rooms, specific points of diagnostic.

\*\* Persons with severe infection, health care workers and hospitalized people initiating symptoms.

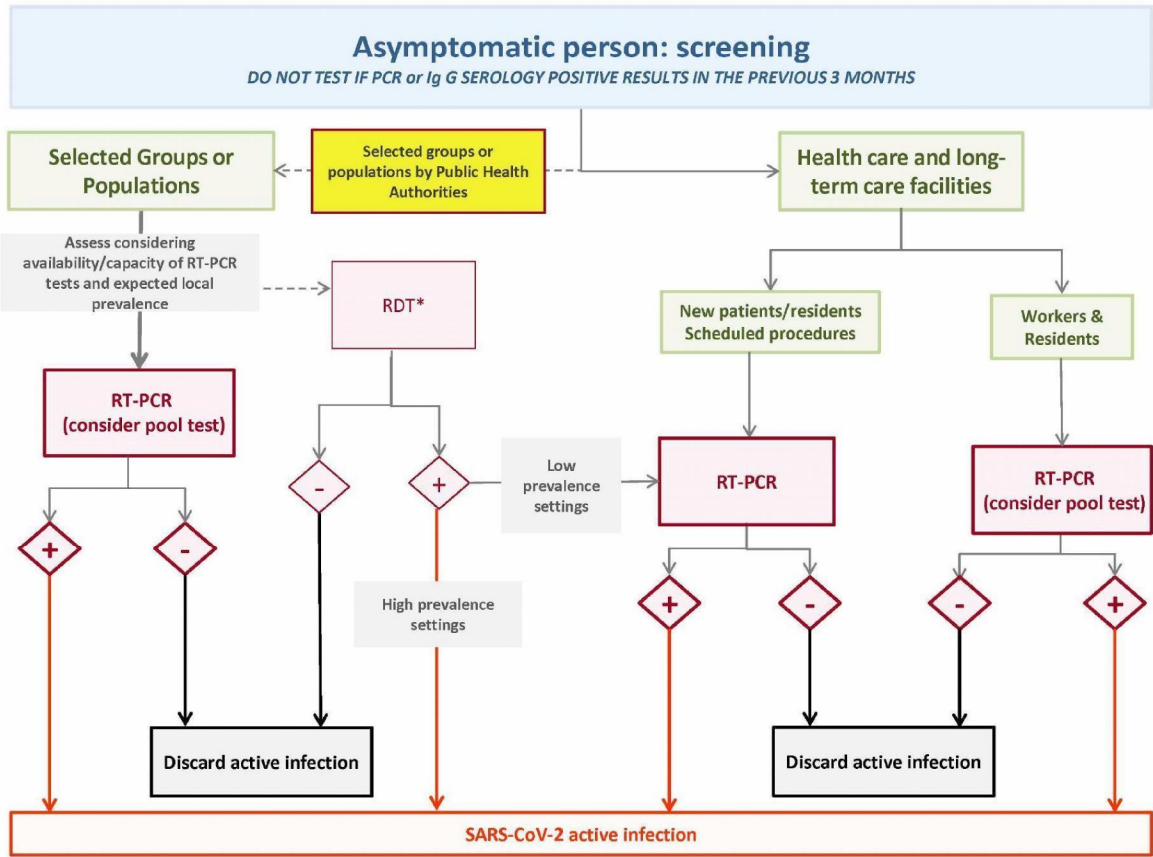
\*\*\* It is preferable to perform RDT within long-term care facilities (workers and residents) unless RT-PCR result is available in <24h. In such case, RT-PCR is of preference.

\*\*\*\* If initiation of symptoms was several days before, a high-efficiency serological determination of Ig G [100%](#) be used to diagnosis.

† If there is not availability of RDT, then a RT-PCR should be performed



\* RT-PCR can also be performed considering availability or operational issues.



\* It is recommended to use RT-PCR as screening where a low prevalence within the target population is expected.