To: (10)(2e) @fhi.nol From: Thur 2/6/2020 9:15:12 PM Sent: Subject: FW: warning !! 2019-nCoV primers/probes contamination with synthetic controls Dear (10)(2e) Taking notice of the strong reaction from (10)(2e) I would propose to leave the issue to the EVD network... Warm regards, And success in these busy times... From: (10)(2e) < (10)(2e) @rivm.nl> Sent: donderdag 6 februari 2020 12:18 @fhi.no>; (10)(2e) < (10)(2e) @rivm.nl> To: (10)(2e) (10)(2e) < (10)(2e) @rivm.nl> Cc: Subject: RE: warning !! 2019-nCoV primers/probes contamination with synthetic controls I'm completely against this for the following reason: expert labs know that they need to do entry QC for primers and probes. This was an internal warning from lab people to lab people: " please don't forget within the heat of things to do proper entry QC when you receive new primer/probe batches. It is a lab issue: labs need to do the proper QC and based on that they know what their results are worth. This e-mail was to remind them of that (what they already know) and to highlight that due to massive ordering of primers and probes and synthetic controls in Europe batches produced at several companies appeared to have contaminants. Because of the massive response this became apparent. But still nothing new: the need for proper entry QC when you start with new reagents. Please don't make more of this then there is to it. It is a lab issue that the labs in the networks understand. If the Norwegian lab is absolutely sure that it was indeed in the original primer/probe batches they bought and not a contamination due to own lab procedures it would be very useful if they could share that experience within the labnetwork. It is absolutely essential to not mix the issue in my e-mail to (10)(2e) with the issue of lab contaminations. That is something completely different, that's why it is important to really know for sure it is in the company order and not added afterward in the lab.

It is not worth an EWRS at this point as we do not know the extent of the problem and all relevant labs have been informed (both in 10)(20) and ERLI-Net) It is most certainly not an EWRS involving the Netherlands. As indicated there were labs from a few different countries that experienced this problem.

So please don't make this bigger than it is, the labs should be aware and stick to proper entry QC which they should always do.

Best (10)(2e)

From: (10)(2e) < (10)(2e) @fhi.no>

Sent: donderdag 6 februari 2020 11:24

To: (10)(2e) < (10)(2e) @rivm.nl>

Cc: (10)(2e) < (10)(2e) @rivm.nl>; (10)(2e) < (10)(2e) @rivm.nl>

Subject: SV: warning !! 2019-nCoV primers/probes contamination with synthetic controls

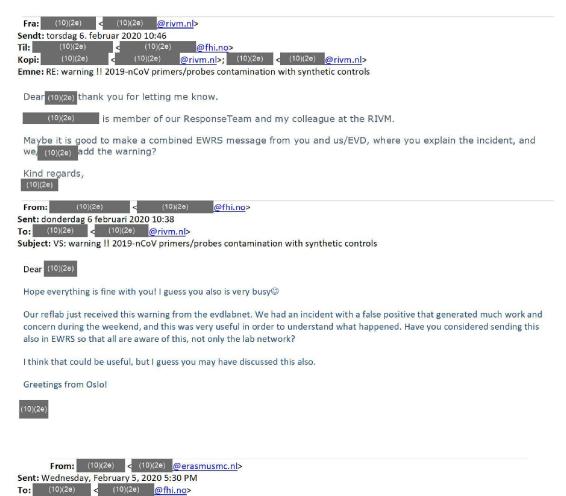
Dear (10)(2e)

And thank you for your rapid reply!

The incident is only an internal issue, and is not public. However, we think it is sufficient to just inform about the risk of contamination and false positive, and the need for verification before a lot of measures are implemented.

What do you think?

(10)(2e)



Subject: warning | | 2019-nCoV primers/probes contamination with synthetic controls

## Warning !: 2019-nCoV primer/probe batches might be contaminated with synthetic control

Dear all,

We would like to draw your attention to the following important issue: We have understood from a few laboratories in different countries that primer and probe batches for molecular detection of 2019-nCoV involving different companies might be contaminated with synthetic positive control material for 2019-nCoV. Companies synthesize primers, probes as well as synthetic controls. Apparently QC at the company level is sometimes such that it might allow for cross-contamination to occur and delivery of contaminated batches.

To illustrate one specific case: batch of primers and probes for al., E-gene and RdRp-gene test were received two days ago. All primers and probes that were ordered appeared to be contaminated with the synthetic E-gene control (so both for the E-gene test as well as the RdRp test while the synthetic E-gene control was not ordered and had not been ordered before). The contamination gave a robust signal that started at Ct33 and it responded in a quantitative way in a dilution series (ΔCt 3 for each10-fold dilution in the E-gene PCR). Extensive testing and crosstesting proved beyond doubt that the delivered batches were contaminated.

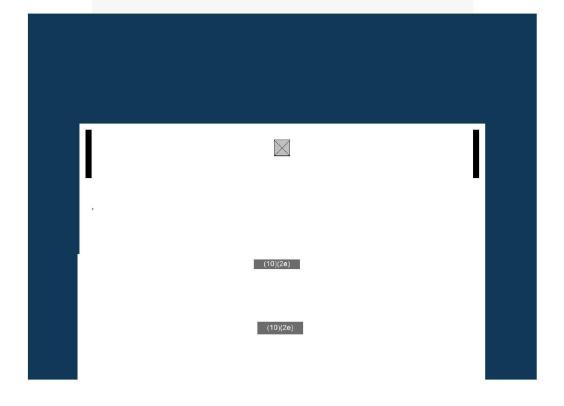
We would like to advise you the following:

- to apply a thorough entrance QC before you implement ordered primers and probes.
- to strictly follow the advice for secondary confirmatory testing in case of positives, *targeting a different genomic region* before confirming an infection. In the case illustrated above, the RdRp-gene PCR did not give false positives results regardless of the presence of the contamination (E-gene synthetic control will not be amplified in the RdRp gene PCR).

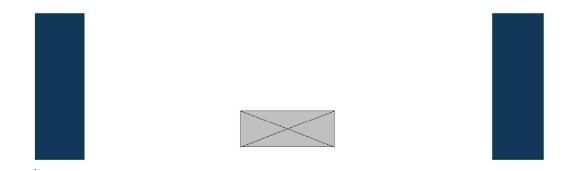
Furthermore, we would welcome any feedback on this issue when you have experienced the same or when you experience this in the future. We would like to try to get a better insight in the extent of the problem.

A great thank you to the laboratories who signaled this problem.

Best wishes (10)(2e)



## 19900793



Dit bericht kan informatie bevatten die niet voor u is bestemd. Indien u niet de geadresseerde bent of dit bericht abusievelijk aan u is verzonden, wordt u verzocht dat aan de afzender te melden en het bericht te verwijderen. Het RIVM aanvaardt geen aansprakelijkheid voor schade, van welke aard ook, die verband houdt met risico's verbonden aan het elektronisch verzenden van berichten.

www.rivm.nl De zorg voor morgen begint vandaag

This message may contain information that is not intended for you. If you are not the addressee or if this message was sent to you by mistake, you are requested to inform the sender and delete the message. RIVM accepts no liability for damage of any kind resulting from the risks inherent in the electronic transmission of messages.

www.rivm.nl/en Committed to health and sustainability